

MAF INTERNATIONAL

A.B.N. 32 004 260 860

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

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DIRECTORS REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors present this report on the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal Activities

MAF International ('MAF') is a Christian mission whose purpose is sharing God's love through aviation and technology.

The principal activity has continued as providing a subsidised aviation service in parts of the world where surface travel is impossible or very difficult. Flight training, aircraft maintenance, logistics services and communication services are also provided. MAF's services are provided by dedicated staff (many of whom are seconded to MAF by national MAF groups) who use their skills in aviation, and other fields, to work *inter alia* with national churches, relief and development agencies, missions, hospitals and governments to meet the most pressing of human needs.

MAF has been funded primarily by its members, who are various MAF groups around the world, and by fares charged to those who use the aircraft.

Objectives

MAF's short term and long terms aims are to benefit those living in some of the most isolated parts of the world. In many places there are no roads at all, or they are impassable or slow going, for example due to flooding or security issues. Our fleet of light aircraft is able to take relief, development and mission workers, emergency teams, education and healthcare professionals and supplies into these remote areas more quickly and efficiently than by any other means. As a result our activities benefit two major groups: the relief and development agencies and other organisations whose mission it is to reach these isolated communities, and secondly the communities themselves.

Strategies

MAF operates flying programmes in Arnhem Land in the Northern Territories and in Timor Leste. As explained in Note 2, MAF also owns a subsidiary operating in Papua New Guinea (which is not consolidated into these accounts). Some staff have managerial roles in the support of additional programmes in Bangladesh, Mongolia and seven African countries. The work undertaken by each programme varies to reflect the needs in remote regions as well as the mix of community development, church, mission and relief work. In PNG alone in 2018, almost 38,000 passengers were carried on MAF flights to and from isolated locations with the benefit of subsidies.

In addition to its aviation services to remote communities, MAF trains indigenous staff in technical and non-technical roles in each programme. For ten months of the year, MAF also provided operational staff for an indigenous Australian councilowned airline.

Key Performance Measures

During the 2018 year MAF's operational flight statistics were:

Country	Hours Flown	Flight Legs	Unique Passengers	Distance (nm)	Cargo (kg)	Fleet size	Destinations
Arnhem Land	4,915	8,751	16,914	845,316	15,451	11	56
Timor Leste	513	986	2,063	86,751	=	2	15
Papua New Guinea	5,404	11,384	36,728	1,045,802	2,253,810	10	211
Mareeba (training)	1,084	1,093	n/a	n/a	n/a	17	n/a
TOTAL	11,916	22,214	55,705	1,977,869	2,269,261	40	282

Items of note during 2018

During 2018 additional donations were received from MAF International to assist with the purchase of six new Cessna 208 'Caravan aircraft' as part of the fleet standardisation strategy for the PNG programme. These aircraft were purchased in the United States during 2018 and ferried to Mareeba, Queensland during the latter part of 2018 and early 2019 for fitting out before being ferried on to PNG for operational use.

Following an impairment review, the value of the shares in MAF International's subsidiary (MAF PNG Holding Pty Ltd) was impaired by US\$4.063m to reflect the closing net assets of that company at the year-end end exchange rate.

Directors

The names and particulars of the directors of the company in office during the year and up to the day of this report are:

Name	Qualifications	Experience
Stephen	Bachelor of Engineering	5 years mission aviation flying
Charlesworth	(Aerospace)	14 years governance on the boards of charities and not for
	Bachelor of Ministry	profit businesses
	(Theology)	17 years senior management experience
	Commercial Pilot's Licence	
William Harding	Masters of International and	32 years in aviation industry
	Community Development	20 years in senior management of aviation operations
	Bachelor of Laws	7 years CEO of MAF International
	Certificate of Christian	Directorship of Arnhem Land Community Airlines, Cairns
	Ministry	Street Chaplains and others
	Commercial Pilot's Licence	
	(Aeroplane and Helicopter)	
William Nicol	Bachelor of Ministries	32 years as Commercial Pilot
	Commercial Pilot	3 years Chief Flying Instructor
	Flight Instructor	5 years MAF Operational Pilot
	MAFI Check and Training Pilot	3 years MAF Chief Training Captain
	CASA Australia Check Pilot	6 years Head of Training for CTC Aviation
		6 years as Aviation Director for MAFI

Company Secretary

William A Harding LLB has held the position of Company Secretary throughout the year. He has worked for MAF International for over ten years, performing Chief Executive and other senior management roles.

Meetings of Directors

During the financial year, four meetings of directors were held. Attendances by each director were as follows:

Commence of the second	Directors' M	eetings
Name	Number Eligible to Attend	Number Attended
Stephen Charlesworth	4	4
William Harding	4	4
William Nicol	4	4

Members Guarantee

The entity is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a company limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$1.00 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the company. At the date of this report the number of members is 1, being Mission Aviation Fellowship International a charitable company registered in the UK.

Currency

The financial statements are prepared in US dollars in order to be consistent with the entity's parent company, Mission Aviation Fellowship International. US dollars are the primary currency used within the global Aviation industry and the directors believe this provides further comparability and understanding for the users of the financial statements.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 is set out on the following page.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

W Harding

Director

S Charlesworth Director

Dated this 28th day of May 2019



Tel: +61 7 4046 0000 Fax: +61 7 4051 3484 www.bdo.com.au Level 1, 15 Lake St Cairns QLD 4870 PO Box 6771 Cairns QLD 4870 AUSTRALIA

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY GREG MITCHELL TO THE DIRECTORS OF MAF

As lead auditor of MAF International for the year ended 31 December 2018, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Australian Charities* and *Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Greg Mitchell

G Mitchell

Director

BDO Audit (NTH QLD) Pty Ltd

Cairns, 31 May 2019



Tel: +61 7 4046 0000 Fax: +61 7 4051 3484 www.bdo.com.au Level 1, 15 Lake St Cairns QLD 4870 PO Box 6771 Cairns QLD 4870 AUSTRALIA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of MAF International

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of MAF International (the registered entity), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the responsible entities' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of MAF International, is in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the registered entity's financial position as at 31 December 2018 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards to the extent described in Note 1 and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the registered entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* (ACNC Act) and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter - Basis of accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the registered entity's financial reporting responsibilities under the ACNC Act. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

Those charged with governance are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the registered entity's annual report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



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In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of responsible entities for the Financial Report

The responsible entities of the registered entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and have determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1 to the financial report is appropriate to meet the requirements of the ACNC Act and the needs of the members. The responsible entities' responsibility also includes such internal control as the responsible entities determine is necessary to enable the preparation of a financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the responsible entities are responsible for assessing the registered entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the responsible entities either intend to liquidate the registered entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx) at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

BDO

BDO Audit (NTH QLD) Pty Ltd

Greg Mitchell Director

Cairns, 31 May 2019

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	USD	
		2018 \$,000	2017 \$,000
Revenue			
Operating revenue	4(a)	3,402	3,618
Donations income	4(b)	17,351	6,516
Other income		359	428
		21,112	10,562
Expenses			
Direct costs of operations	5(a)	7,216	6,899
Support costs	5(b)	7,026	2,930
Grants made	5(c)	117	406
		14,359	10,235
Net Surplus before other recognised			
gains and losses and income tax		6,753	327
Net unrealised exchange gain/(loss)		(205)	180
Surplus/(deficit) before tax		6,548	507
Income tax expense		0	0
Net Surplus for the year		6,548	507
Other Comprehensive Income			
Revaluation of assets		138	24
Total comprehensive income for the			
year		6,686	531

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note		USD
		2018 \$,000	2017 \$,000
ASSETS		,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash & cash equivalents	6	678	2,996
Trade & other receivables	7	4,977	4,796
Inventories	8	540	637
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		6,195	8,429
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade & other receivables	9	7,597	9,664
Shares in subsidiaries	10	4,403	8,466
Property, plant and equipment	11	22,682	7,687
TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS		34,682	25,817
TOTAL ASSETS		40,877	34,246
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors and provisions	12	1,535	1,854
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,535	1,854
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term provisions	13	138	196
TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		138	196
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,673	2,050
NET ASSETS		39,204	32,196
EQUITY			
Reserves	14(a)	2,747	2,562
Retained earnings	2.(%)	36,457	29,634
TOTAL EQUITY		39,204	32,196
		33,204	32,130

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Asset			
	Revaluation	Other	Retained	
	Reserve	Reserves	Earnings	Total
	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000
<u>USD</u>				
Balance at 1 January 2017	921	1,408	29,326	31,655
Revaluation of assets	34	0	0	34
Write back revaluation	(10)	0	10	0
Transfers to other reserves	0	209	(209)	0
Transfer to retained earnings	0	0	0	0
Net surplus for the period	0	0	507	507
Balance at 31 December 2017	945	1,617	29,634	32,196
Revaluation of assets	460	0	0	460
Write back revaluation on disposal	(322)	0	322	0
Transfers to/(from) other reserves	0	47	(47)	0
Transfer to retained earnings	0	0	0	0
Net surplus for the period	0	0	6,548	6,548
Balance at 31 December 2018	1,083	1,664	36,457	39,204

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	USD	
	2018 Inflow/ (Outflow) \$,000	2017 Inflow/ (Outflow) \$,000
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and donors Payments to suppliers and employees Interest received Net cash provided by/(used in) operating	20,626 (10,258) 38	10,363 (9,781) 61
activities)	10,406	643
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payment for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant &	(14,993)	(534)
equipment	203	103
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	(14,790)	(431)
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
(Additional loan to)/Receipt of loan repayments from MAF PNG Holding Pty Ltd	2,066	396
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	2,066	396
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held	(2,318)	608
Cash at beginning of year	2,996	2,388
Cash at end of year	678	2,996

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the basis that the company is a non-reporting entity because there are no users who are dependent on its general purpose financial statements. These are special purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purposes of complying with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 requirements to prepare financial statements to the members of MAF International. The directors have determined that the accounting policies adopted are appropriate to meet the needs of the members of MAF International.

The financial report covers the economic entity of MAF International. MAF International is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia and a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements specified by the Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the disclosure requirements of AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements', AASB 107 'Statement of Cash Flows', AASB 108 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', AASB 1048 'Interpretation of Standards' and AASB 1054 'Australian Additional Disclosures', as appropriate for not-for-profit oriented entities that qualify for and apply differential reporting concessions.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and the amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

Application of new and revised Australian Accounting Standards

MAF International has adopted AASB9 'Financial Instruments' but it has not resulted in a material change to the financial statements. MAF International has chosen not to early-adopt AASB 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers', AASB 1058 'Income of Not-for-profit Entities' and AASB16 'Leases'. The company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact that these standards may have on the preparation of the financial statements and any changes to policies and processes that may be required as a result of their implementation.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Income tax

As the company is a charitable institution in terms of subsection 50-5 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, as amended, it is exempt from paying income tax.

b) Foreign currency

The company's functional currency is Australian dollars. The financial statements have been translated into the presentation currency, US dollars, in accordance with paragraph 39 of AASB121 as follows:

- current assets, current liabilities and long term liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date;
- income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

The costs of non-current assets were translated into US dollars as at 1 January 2013 at the exchange rate prevailing at that date. Transactions subsequent to 1 January 2013 have been translated at the exchange rate in force at the date of the transaction. For fixed assets, depreciation is charged on the US dollar cost equivalent of the assets translated at that date. The accounting treatment is a departure from the accounting standards and this disclosure is made in accordance with paragraph 57 of AASB121.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

c) Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the company.

d) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows are presented on a net basis.

e) Comparative Figures

Where required by Accounting Standards, or a change to the accounting policy, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

f) Economic Dependence

MAF International is dependent on Mission Aviation Fellowship International, a UK charity, for the majority of its funding. At the date of this report the Board of Directors has no reason to believe that Mission Aviation Fellowship International will not continue to support MAF International.

2 DETAILS OF CONTROLLED ENTITIES AND PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

A controlled entity is any entity where MAF International has the power to control the financial and operating policies. All controlled entities have a December financial year-end. The results and balances of these entities have not been consolidated in these financial statements.

The company has two wholly owned subsidiaries, MAF Aviation Services Pty Ltd and MAF PNG Holding Ltd. MAF PNG Holding Ltd also has one wholly owned subsidiary, MAF Papua New Guinea Ltd.

MAF Aviation Services Pty Ltd is an Australian company that has made a long term loan to MAF PNG Holding Ltd, secured on the latter's aircraft. It has no other activities.

MAF PNG Holding Ltd is a company registered in Papua New Guinea. It acts as the holding company for MAF Papua New Guinea Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary, and as such it owns all the aircraft, land and buildings and other fixed assets for operation by MAF Papua New Guinea Ltd.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	USD		
	2018 \$,000	2017 \$,000	
3 OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	*/***	,,,,,,	
The net surplus for the year is after charging:			
Staff costs			
Salaries and wages	5,065	4,909	
Workers compensation	39	40	
Superannuation and life insurance	526	511	
Other staff costs, including education	965	811	
	6,595	6,271	
Auditor's remuneration:			
Audit fees	17	29	
Addit ICCS	17	29	
Depreciation	294	275	
(Impairment reversal)/impairment of aircraft	(15)	19	
Impairment of investment in subsidiary	4,063	0	
Net loss/(gain) on sale of fixed assets	(23)	17	
Operating lease rentals	586	436	
Directors' liability insurance	2	3	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

4 OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) – INCOME

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the date of invoice. Donations and bequests are recognised when the entitlement to the income is confirmed and can be reliably measured. Where they are restricted for a specific purpose and have not been spent during the year they are carried forward in the Projects Reserve. Interest revenue is recognised when received.

The following significant revenue items are relevant in explaining the financial performance:

		USD	
		2018	2017
		\$,000	\$,000
(a)	Operating Revenue		
	Aviation services	3,103	2,226
	Maintenance services	129	539
	Management fees received	154	837
	Housing contributions received	16	16
		3,402	3,618
(b)	Donations Income - by type		
	Unrestricted donations	12,001	3,860
	Restricted donations	3,241	597
	Staff support received	2,109_	2,059
		17,351	6,516
	Analysis of Donations income by donor		
	Mission Aviation Fellowship International	11,651	3,631
	MAF Australia	1,161	1,480
	MAF Canada	2	1
	MAF Germany	10	7
	MAF India	0	1
	MAF Netherlands	222	129
	MAF New Zealand	183	242
	MAF Singapore	2	1
	MAF South Africa	9	0
	MAF Switzerland	303	317
	MAF UK	1,627	558
	MAF USA	51	37
	Other donors	2,130	112
		17,351	6,516

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	US	D
	2018 \$,000	201 \$,00
OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) – EXPENSES FROM ORDINARY	ACTIVITIES	
The following significant expense items are relevant in explaining	ng the financial performance:	
(a) Direct Costs of Operations		
Aviation direct costs	1,896	1,88
Other direct costs (operations and		
maintenance)	430	39
Field Staff costs	4,099	3,74
Other local overhead expenditure	520	59
Depreciation, revaluation and net loss		
on disposal of operational assets	271_	28
	7,216	6,89
(b) Support Costs		
Staff Costs	2,371	2,33
Accommodation	130	13
Communication & Travel Costs	118	12
Training	118	14
Other costs including depreciation, impairment		
and net loss on disposal of assets	4,289	20
	7,026	2,93
(c) Grants		
Grants made	117	40
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and deposits h	eld at call with financial institutions.	
Cash on hand	19	2
	659	2,97
Cash at bank		

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Debtors and other receivables include amounts due from students and customers. Receivables expected to be collected within twelve months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets.

Trade debtors	664	701
Other debtors	540	230
Prepayments	153	181
Owing by subsidiaries	3,620_	3,684
	4,977	4,796

Amounts owing by subsidiaries is the trading balance due from MAF Papua New Guinea Ltd. It is payable on demand, is stated at cost and is expected to be fully recoverable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

		USD	USD	
		2018	2017	
		\$,000	\$,000	
8	CURRENT INVENTORIES			
	Inventories are measured at cost, adjusted when applicable for	any loss of service potential.		
	Aircraft spares	407	589	
	Fuel and other parts	45	41	
	Work in progress	88	7	
		540	637	
9	NON CURRENT TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Owing by subsidiary MAF Aviation Services Pty Ltd	7,597	9,664	
	Amount owed from MAF Aviation Services Pty Ltd is stated at c repayable on demand.	ost and are expected to be fully recov	erable. It is	
10	SHARES IN SUBSIDIARIES – at cost			
	MAF Aviation Services Pty Ltd	0	0	
	MAF PNG Holding Pty Ltd	4,403	8,466	
		4,403	8,466	
				

Shares in subsidiaries were stated at cost in 2017 in accordance with AASB 127. During 2018 the value of the shares in MAF PNG Holding Pty Ltd was impaired by US\$4.063m down to the value of the net assets of the subsidiary group. The impairment has been charged to the profit and loss account.

11 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Individual fixed assets costing \$2,000 or more are capitalised at cost. The carrying amount of all fixed assets is reviewed annually by the directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

The company assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating conditions and events specific to the company that may be indicative of impairment trigger.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

11 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Aircraft

Aircraft are included at the valuation approved by the Board of Directors annually by reference to the "Blue Book value" (the aviation industry's standard indication of the recoverable amount on the open market value). Adjustments are made for enhancements to the aircraft not accounted for in the Blue Book value and any impairment identified. Depreciation is charged to write off the aircraft over an estimated useful life of 40 years. Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of aircraft are credited to the asset revaluation reserve, unless they are reversing previous impairments. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged directly against fair value reserves directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to the income statement.

Property

Depreciation is charged to write off expenditure on leasehold property equally over the shorter of the unexpired period of the lease, or the estimated useful life of the improvements. For new developments depreciation is charged from the date on which the facility becomes operational.

Plant and equipment

Depreciation is charged on a straight line basis to write off the expenditure over an estimated useful life to the entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use as follows:

Class of asset	Life (Rate)	Class of asset	Life (Rate)
Computer hardware	5yrs (20%)	Office equipment	7-10yrs (10%-15%)
Furniture & Fittings	10yrs (10%)	Plant and equipment	5-10yrs (10%-20%)
Motor Vehicles	5-8yrs (12.5%-20%)		

Disposals

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are recognized immediately in profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

<u>USD</u>		Land &	Equipment	
	Aircraft	Property	& Vehicles	Total
	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000
COST OR VALUATION				
At 1 January 2018	5,196	3,717	1,092	10,005
Additions	14,869	0	125	14,994
Disposals	(180)	0	(35)	(215)
Revaluation Reserve	338	0	0	338
At 31 December 2018	20,223	3,717	1,182	25,122
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2018	0	1,542	776	2,318
Charge in year	137	86	71	294
Impairment/(impairment reversal)	(15)	0	0	(15)
Depreciation on disposals	0	0	(35)	(35)
Revaluation Reserve write back	(122)	0	0	(122)
At 31 December 2018	0	1,628	812	2,440
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 December 2017	5,196	2,175	316	7,687
At 31 December 2018	20,223	2,089	370	22,682

Aircraft additions and net book value at 31 December 2018 include capital work in progress at cost of US\$11.85m in relation to aircraft purchased but not yet brought into operation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

12 CREDITORS AND PROVISIONS

Trade creditors represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the company during the reporting period which remain unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Revenue on tickets purchased by customers is not recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as revenue until the flight is undertaken. As a result the tickets sold but not yet used are carried in other creditors.

Deferred revenue relates to payments on account for flight training not yet undertaken.

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the balance sheet date. Employee benefits have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

	,	USD	
		2018 \$,000	2017 \$,000
	Trade and other creditors	344	515
	Accrued expenses	210	98
	Deferred revenue	5	5
	Provisions for leave	639	752
	Owing to subsidiaries	337	484
		1,535	1,854
13	LONG-TERM PROVISIONS		
	Provision for staff resettlement	138	196

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

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2018	2017
\$.000	\$.000

14 RESERVES

Projects Reserve

Where donations or bequests are restricted for a specific purpose and have not been spent during the year they are carried forward in the Projects Reserve.

Aircraft Overhaul Reserve

The cost of major inspections (including the costs of engine overhaul, propeller overhaul and heavy airframe maintenance) is provided for in advance based on the estimated cost of future overhauls and the actual utilisation at the reporting date. The pro-rata cost of major inspections therefore, is transferred to reserves at that date and any movement in the provision for major inspection costs arising during the year has been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as an operating expense.

(a) Reserves comprise:		
Asset revaluation reserve	1,083	945
Bequest reserve	0	112
Projects reserve	162	560
Aircraft overhaul reserve	1,502	945
	2,747	2,562
(b) Movement in reserves		
Asset revaluation reserve		
Balance at the start of the financial year	945	921
Net revaluation during the year – aircraft	460	34
Write back revaluation	(322)	(10)
Balance at the end of the financial year	1,083	945
Bequest reserve		
Balance at the start of the financial year	112	112
Donations transferred	(112)	0
Balance at the end of the financial year	0	112
Projects reserve		
Balance at the start of the financial year	560	646
Project funding received	3,241	596
Project revenue expenditure	(185)	(673)
Project capital expenditure	(3,454)	(9)
Balance at the end of the financial year	162	560
Aircraft overhaul reserve		
Balance at the start of the financial year	945	650
Provisions used	(284)	(94)
Provisions set aside in year	435	313
Transfers from Mission Aviation Fellowship International	406	76
Balance at the end of the financial year	1,502	945

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

			USD	
			2018 \$,000	2017 \$,000
15	NOT	ES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT		
	a)	Cash on hand – as note 6		
			660	2,996

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash includes cash on hand and in banks, net of any outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the cash flow statement is reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:

b) Reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to operating surplus / (deficit) from ordinary activities after income tax revenue

	USD	
	2018 \$,000	2017 \$,000
Operating surplus/(deficit) from ordinary activities after income tax revenue	6,548	507
Non-cash items Depreciation and impairment of plant and		
equipment	294	275
Impairment/(impairment reversal)	(15)	19
Impairment of investment in subsidiary	4,063	0
Loss/(profit) on sale of property, plant and equipment	(23)	17
Changes in net assets and liabilities (Increase)/decrease in:		
Current receivables	(181)	(379)
Current inventories	166	26
(Decrease)/increase in: Current creditors and borrowings	(275)	(49)
Current provisions Other non-current provisions	(113) (58)	190 37
Net cash used by operating activities	10,406	643

16 COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office of the company is: 166 Mulgrave Road, Westcourt QLD 4870

DIRECTORS DECLARATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

In the Directors' opinion:

- the company is not a reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements. Accordingly, as described in note 1 to the financial statements, the attached special purpose financial statements have been prepared for the purposes of complying with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 requirements to prepare financial statements of MAF International:
- the attached financial statements and notes thereto comply with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, the Accounting Standards as described in note 1 to the financial statements; the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulations 2013, and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes thereto give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 31 December 2018 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

W Harding Director

Dated this 28th day of May 2019

S Charlesworth Director